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Question Paper Version : A

I / II Semester B.E Degree Examination, June/July 2014
CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS
(COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 2 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 50

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

1. Answer all the fifty questions, each question carries one mark.
2. Use only **Black ball point pen** for writing / darkening the circles.
3. **For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.**
4. Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid.
5. **Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners** on the **OMR** sheets are strictly prohibited.

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1. Financial emergency can be proclaimed under the article
a) 256 b) 356 c) 360 d) 352
 2. According to Indian constitution, the power of amending the constitution are vested with
a) Parliament of India b) President of India
c) People of India d) The Prime Minister of India
 3. In the Indian constitution, the fundamental rights
a) were added by the first amendment b) formed part of the original constitution
c) were added by the 42nd amendment d) were added by the 24th amendment
 4. The Chief Election Commissioner is appointed by the
a) Chief Justice b) President c) Prime Minister d) Governor
 5. To declare National Emergency a decision must be taken by the
a) Rajya Sabha b) Lok Sabha c) Union Cabinet
d) Both by the Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha.
 6. There is no provision for impeachment of
a) Judges of Supreme court and high court b) Vice President
c) President d) Governor
 7. Who is the President of India
a) Mrs. Pratibha Patil b) Mr. Pranab Mukharjee
c) Dr. A.P.J Abdul Kalam d) Mr. S.M. Krishna
 8. Fear isresponsibility
a) a way to shift b) an impediment c) Both a and b d) a way to corrupt

9. If one considers engineering profession as a building, then the following is its foundation
 a) accepting the risk b) imagination c) Honesty d) Creativity
10. A fault tree is used to :
 a) To improve safety b) To claim compensation
 c) Assess the risk involved d) Take free consent
11. Legislature council is
 a) dissolved after 6 years b) after 3 years
 c) after 5 years d) not dissolved
12. What is the minimum age for becoming MP at Lok sabha and Rajya sabha
 a) 25 and 18 b) 25 and 30 c) 18 and 25 d) 30 and 25
13. Lying is
 a) dishonesty b) one of the ways of misusing the truth
 c) cheating d) None of these
14. One of the salient features of our constitution is
 a) It is partly rigid partly flexible b) It is fully flexible
 c) Fully rigid d) None of these
15. Right to religion is not subject to
 a) public order b) public morality c) public welfare d) public health
16. A person arrested has to be produced before the magistrate
 a) 24 hours b) 48 hours c) 72 hours d) 96 hours
17. The owner of the patent right retains it for
 a) 100 years b) 20 years c) 50 years d) 75 years
18. This is not the dishonesty in Engineering
 a) Forging b) Trimming c) Blending d) Cooking
19. The constitution empowers State Government to make special law for
 a) unemployed youth b) formen
 c) workers d) women and children
20. Which state among the following has two houses
 a) Tamilnadu b) Andhra Pradesh c) West Bengal d) Karnataka
21. Which amendment deals with establishment of municipalities as a part of constitutional system
 a) 74th b) 76th c) 86th d) 44th
22. To become a judge of the High Court, one must be practicing advocate of High court for a period of at least _____ years
 a) 20 b) 10 c) 15 d) 5
23. Creamy layer means
 a) upper caste people b) highly endured people
 c) persons holding high post and having higher income of backward class of people
 d) Educated people.
24. Voting age of citizen is reduced from 21 to 18 years by ____ constitutional amendment
 a) 42nd b) 61st c) 7th d) 55th

25. Under the Indian constitution, the subject of administration have been divided into
a) three lists b) two lists c) four lists d) five lists
26. The total number of ministers in the council of ministers of the Union shall not exceed
a) 21 % of the total members of Lok sabha
b) 12 % of the total members of Lok sabha
c) 15 % of the total members of Lok sabha
d) 15 % of the total members of both Lok sabha and Rajya sabha
27. Right against exploitation seeks to protect the weaker sections of the society by
a) giving equal pay for equal work for both men and women
b) proving compulsory education for children below the age of 14 years
c) prohibiting human traffeking and Begar
d) None of these
28. One third of the members of Rajya Sabha retire
a) every year b) every two years c) every three years d) every four years
29. The directive principles of the state policy do not direct the state to endeavour to protect
a) Environment
b) the objects of artistic interest of National importance
c) Forest d) the interest of minorities
30. The Chief Justice and other Judges of the State High Court hold office until they attain the age of
a) 58 years b) 60 years c) 65 years d) 62 years
31. The Vice President of India is ex – officio chairman of
a) Rajya Sabha b) Law commission
c) Planning commission d) Finance commission
32. Cooking means
a) Boiling under pressure b) Retaining result which fit the theory
c) Making deceptive statements
d) Misleading the public about the quality of product
33. Egocentric tendencies mean
a) Superiority complex b) Interpreting situation from limited view
c) Arrogant and irresponsible behavior d) Habit of condemning views of others
34. This is not a fundamental duty
a) Respect to National Flag and National Anthem
b) Safeguard public property
c) Respect to elders and teachers
d) Renounce the practices insulting the dignity of women
35. Total number of Articles in Indian Constitution
a) 445 b) 420 c) 400 d) 395
36. Passing criminal law with retrospective effect is called as
a) Expost facto laws b) post facto laws
c) Post Export laws d) None of these
37. Which of the following writ is issued by the court in case of illegal detention of a person
a) Certiorari b) Mandamus c) Habeas corpus d) Quo - warrants

38. The sole channel of communication between President and his council of ministers is
a) Speaker of Lok Sabha b) Prime Minister
c) Vice President d) Opposition leader
39. Article 19 provides
a) Seven freedoms b) Five freedoms c) Two freedoms d) Six freedoms
40. 'Respite' means
a) Awarding lesser punishment in place of originally awarded
b) Temporary suspension of death sentence
c) Reducing the length of the punishment without changing the character of the punishment
d) substituting one form of punishment for another of a lighter character.
41. Equality before law permits
a) Legislation based on race, religion, caste sex and place of birth
b) Legislation classification and prohibits class legislation
c) Class legislation and prohibits legislature classification
d) Legislative classification based on caste but prohibits class legislation based on religion.
42. Legally permissible age for boy and girl is
a) 25 and 23 b) 21 and 18 c) 16 and 18 d) 20 and 18
43. This is not the function of Election commission
a) selection of the candidates b) preparation of electoral rules
c) determine code of conduct to candidates d) allotment of symbols
44. The Ministers hold office during the pleasure of President which infact means during the pleasure of
a) the Parliament b) the Lok sabha c) the Prime Minister d) None of these
45. Magna Carta is a written document of 13th century assuring liberties awarded to
a) Indian citizen b) French citizens
b) British citizens d) Citizen of the world by U.N.O.
46. Directive principles come under ____ of the constitution
a) Part – II b) Part – III c) Part – IV d) Part I
47. The ground for the impeachment of the President
a) Failure to follow the advice given by the Prime Minister
b) Unable to discharge his duties due to old age
c) Violation of constitution
d) Misbehaviour with Foreign dignitaries.
48. The speaker of Lok sabha is
a) Appointed by the President b) Elected by members of parliament
c) Appointed by the vice President d) Elected by the members of Lok sabha
49. The Number of members nominated by the President to Rajya Sahba is
a) 12 b) 10 c) 14 d) 8
50. Revealing confidential information amounts to
a) violation of patent b) misuse of truth
c) breach of contract d) criminal breach of trust.

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